



Best Practices in Cybersecurity for Utilities Vendor Taxonomy (Topics and Companies)

Shining a light on Best Practice Cyber and Physical security for U.S. and Canadian Electric and Natural Gas Utilities – moving to a Culture of Resilience

<https://www.protectourpower.com/best-practices/pop-bp-taxonomy.pdf>

Purple links are internal to this document; blue links are to external documents or sites.

Introduction:

There are about 1000 companies selling cyber security product to the Utilities in the U.S. and Canada. That is a daunting number to consider on the buying end of the equation, and a highly competitive market on the product and services end. Competition is heightened by high demand and fairly low barriers to entry. The Protect Our Power's Best Practices Project is directed at organizing and analyzing these vendors to make it easier for the Utilities to make good decisions and to pursue Best Practices as defined in the Project.

The Taxonomy included here is an attempt to define meaningful Topics under the broad heading of "Cybersecurity." In general, a Topic relates to a Utility decision area – a Utility would consider addressing the Topic via analyzing the Vendors that can address the Topic/Cybersecurity need. From a Vendor standpoint, Topics are homogeneous within and heterogeneous between (at least that is the intent).

The following is a list of Topics that already have an associated University that is developing the Work Products associated with this Project with links to the Protect Our Power Website for the Educational Institutions:

1. [**George Mason University**](#) – [Remote Access](#)
2. [**Illinois Institute of Technology**](#) – [Data Protection and Encryption](#)
3. [**Louisiana Tech University**](#) – [Social Engineering Protection](#)
4. [**Michigan Tech**](#) – [Risk Assessment and Quantification](#)
5. [**Northeastern University**](#) – [Identity Access Management](#)
6. [**Prince Georges Community College**](#) – [Network Access Control](#)
7. [**Rutgers University**](#) – [Antivirus](#)



8. **Sacred Heart University** (PoP page awaiting Agreement for publication)
– [DDoS Attack Prevention](#)
9. [University of Houston](#) – [Network Segmentation](#)
10. [University of New Hampshire](#) – [Threat Intelligence](#)
11. [University of North Carolina – Charlotte](#) – [Monitoring of IT/Enterprise Networks in real-time](#)
12. [Washington State University](#) – [Monitoring of ICS/OT Networks](#)

We recognize this Taxonomy is incomplete and welcome all suggestions for updating or participation in building a more appropriate Taxonomy. Comments and suggestions can be sent to Paul.Feldman@ProtectOurPower.org

Go to [Topics related to Cybersecurity – showing Vendors addressing each Topic - Table of Contents](#)

Go to [Vendor List showing Topics addressed by each Vendor](#)

Go to [Vendors offering cybersecurity product\(s\), but not either focused, available, or interested in the North American Utility Market](#)

Go to [Additional Resources](#)

Go to [Notes Related to This Taxonomy and Further Development](#)

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Topics related to Cybersecurity – showing Vendors addressing each Topic

Table of Contents

<https://www.protectourpower.org/best-practices/pop-bp-taxonomy.pdf>

Links colored purple are internal to this document; links colored blue are to external resources; links colored red are internal to this document, but are Topics where an Educational Institution is developing materials to support moving to Best Practices.

- Access Management* – see "[Identity Access Management and Governance](#)"
Advanced Fusion Centers – see "[SOCs](#)"
1. **[Advanced Persistence Threat \(APT\) Protection](#)** -
Analog Signal Monitoring – see "[Monitoring Electric and Analog Signals](#)"
 2. **[Antivirus](#)** – [Rutgers University](#) has undertaken an analysis of Vendors for this Topic (PoP page coming soon).
 3. **[Application Control](#)** - a security practice that blocks or restricts unauthorized applications from executing in ways that put data at risk. The control functions vary based on the business purpose of the specific application, but the main objective is to help ensure the privacy and security of data used by and transmitted between applications.
Application Security – see "[Software Development / Inspection / Management](#)"
Application Whitelisting – see "[Whitelisting](#)"
Assured Compliance Assessment Solution (ACAS) – see "[Compliance Solutions](#)"
 4. **[Attacker Capability](#)** - Best Practices bad guys are using
Authentication – see "[Identity Access Management and Analytics](#)"
Baiting – see "[Social Engineering](#)"
 5. **[Building Automation Systems](#)** -
 6. **[Change Management and Ticketing](#)** -
Cloud Access Security Brokers – see "[Cloud Security and Services](#)" below
 7. **[Cloud Services and Security \(CASB\)](#)** -
 8. **[Compliance](#)** -
 9. **[Communications Systems](#)** -
 10. **[Communications Systems – Wireless](#)** -
 11. **[Consultants](#)** -
 12. **[Content Disarm & Reconstruction \(CDR\)](#)** ¹-
Cyber Threat Intelligence – see "[Threat Intelligence Platforms \(TIPs\)](#)" below
Dark Web & Deep Web Monitoring – see "[Deep Web...](#)" below
 13. **[Dashboards and Analysis](#)** -
Data Loggers – see "[Log Management](#)"

¹ a computer security technology for removing potentially malicious code from files. Unlike malware analysis, CDR technology does not determine or detect malware's functionality but removes all file components that are not approved within the system's definitions and policies.



14. **[Data Protection and Encryption](#)** – [Illinois Institute of Technology](#) has undertaken an analysis of Vendors for this Topic (PoP page coming soon).
15. **[Data Sources](#)** –
16. **[Data Visualization](#)** –
17. **[Deception Technology](#)** –
18. **[DDos Attack Protection](#)** – Sacred Heart University (PoP page coming soon) has undertaken an analysis of Vendors for this [Topic](#)).
19. **[Deep Web, Dark Web](#)** –
Defense in Depth – See various other elements of the Taxonomy
DevOps Best Practices – see “[Software Development / Inspection / Management](#)”
20. **[Digital Certificates](#)** –
21. **[Digital Risk Protection](#)** -
Distributed Energy – Solar Farms – See “[Generation Solar](#)”
Distributed Energy – Wind Farms – See “[Generation Wind](#)” [ToC](#)
22. **[Drone Attack Defense](#)** –
23. **[Education for Employees](#)** -
Email Focused Security – see [Phishing](#) -
Employee Education – see “[Education for Employees](#)”
24. **[EMS Protection \(In a Balancing Authority\)](#)** –
25. **[Endpoint Detection & Response](#)** ²-
Endpoint Encryption – see “[Encryption](#)”
26. **[Endpoint Protection Platforms \(EPPs\)](#)** ³-
27. **[File Integrity](#)** –
Firewalls – see “[Network Segmentation](#)”
Firmware – see “[Patching](#)”
28. **[Frameworks and Controls](#)** –
29. **[Generation – Central Station](#)** –
30. **[Generation – Solar](#)** –
31. **[Generation – Wind](#)** -
32. **[Governance, Risk Management and Compliance \(GRC\) Platforms](#)** –
Host-Based Intrusion Detection Systems (HIDS) ⁴– see [Antivirus](#)
Host-Based Intrusion Detection Systems (HIDS) – see [Monitoring Devices and Hosts](#)
Host-Based Intrusion Detection Systems (HIDS) – see [Monitoring Electric and Analog Signals](#)

² a cyber-security solution that differs from other endpoint protection platform (EPP) for instance antivirus and anti-malware, where the major focus isn't to automatically stop threats in pre-execution phase on an endpoint. EDR is more focused on providing overall endpoint visibility with the right insights, which help security analysts to investigate and respond to a very advanced threat. This category deals with Enterprise IT endpoints, not ICS/OT endpoints.

³ An Endpoint Protection Platform (EPP) is an integrated security solution designed to detect and block threats at device level. Typically, this includes antivirus, anti-malware, data encryption, personal firewalls, intrusion prevention (IPS) and data loss prevention (DLP). Traditional EPP is inherently preventative, and most of its approaches are signature-based – identifying threats based on known file signatures for newly discovered threats. The latest EPP solutions have however evolved to utilize a broader range of detection techniques.

⁴ [Wikipedia – Host-Based Intrusion Detection Systems](#) - https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Host-based_intrusion_detection_system



33. **[Identity Access Management and Governance](#)** – [Northeastern University](#) has undertaken an analysis of Vendors for this [Topic](#).
34. **[Incident Response](#)** –
35. **[Information Sharing](#)** –
36. **[Insider Threats](#)** –
37. **[Internet of Things \(IoT\)](#)** –
Intrusion Detection Systems ⁵– see [Monitoring Electric and Analog Signals](#)
Intrusion Detection Systems – see [Monitoring Enterprise/IT Networks](#)
Intrusion Detection Systems – see [Monitoring OT/ICS Networks](#)
IT/Enterprise Real-Time Network Monitoring – see “[Monitoring IT/Enterprise Networks in real-time](#)”
Level 0 Devices within the Purdue Reference Architecture – see “[Monitoring Electric and Analog Signals in real-time](#)”
38. **[Log Management](#)** –
39. **[Managed Services \(MSSPs\)](#)** – [ToC](#)
40. **[Monitoring Devices and Hosts](#)** –
41. **[Monitoring Electric and Analog Signals](#)** – the real-time capability to monitor operations (pumps, boilers, etc.) at Purdue level 0
Monitoring – Enterprise IT Networks and Endpoints – see [Endpoint Detection & Response](#)
42. **[Monitoring ICS/OT Networks in real-time](#)** – the real-time capability to monitor ICS networks and underlying assets in passive and active modes. [Washington State University](#) has undertaken an analysis of Vendors for this [Topic](#).
43. **[Monitoring IT/Enterprise Networks in real-time](#)** – the real-time capability to monitor IT/Enterprise Networks and underlying devices. The [University of North Carolina Charlotte](#) has undertaken an analysis of Vendors for this [Topic](#).
44. **[Network Access Control \(NAC\)](#)** – Network Access Control (NAC) is an approach to computer security that attempts to unify endpoint security technology (such as antivirus, host intrusion prevention, and vulnerability assessment), user or system authentication and network security enforcement. [Prince Georges Community College](#) has undertaken an analysis of Vendors for this [Topic](#).
Network Intrusion Detection Systems (NIDS) – see [Monitoring Enterprise/IT Networks](#)
Network Intrusion Detection Systems (NIDS) – see [Monitoring OT/ICS Networks](#)
45. **[Network Segmentation](#)** – The [University of Houston](#) has undertaken an analysis of Vendors for this [Topic](#).
46. **[Organizational Best Practices](#)** – addressing culture, organizational structure, positions, reporting relationships, etc.
47. **[Patch and Firmware Management](#)** –
48. **[Penetration Testing](#)** –
Phishing – see “[Social Engineering](#)”
49. **[Portable Media](#)** –
Privileged Remote Access – see “[Remote Access](#)”
50. **[Remote Access](#)** – [George Mason University](#) has undertaken an analysis of Vendors for this [Topic](#).
Removable Media – see [Portable Media](#) above
51. **[Risk Assessment and Quantification, and Management](#)** – [Michigan Technical Institute](#) has undertaken an analysis of Vendors for this [Topic](#).
52. **[Sandboxing](#)** – [ToC](#)

⁵ Wikipedia – Intrusion Detection Systems - https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Intrusion_detection_system



53. **SCADA Protection** -
Secure Remote Access - see [Privileged Remote Access Solutions](#)
54. **Security Analytics Platforms** -
Security Awareness in the Workforce - see [Training Security Awareness](#)
55. **Security Information and Event Managers (SIEMs)** -
56. **Security Investment Prudency (at the state level)** - at the state level, what are the Best Practices states are following to approve/deny/evaluate security investments
57. **Security Operations Centers (SOCs)** -
58. **Security orchestration automation and response (SOAR)** -
59. **Situational Awareness** -
SMShing - see "Social Engineering"
60. **Social Engineering** - [Louisiana Tech University](#) has undertaken an analysis of Vendors for this Topic (PoP page coming soon).
61. **Software Development / Inspection / Management** -
Segmentation - see "Network Segmentation"
Spear-Phishing - see "Social Engineering"
62. **State Cybersecurity Standards and Best Practices** -
63. **Substations, Distribution** -
64. **Substations, Transmission** -
65. **Supply Chain** -
66. **Tabletop Exercises / Wargaming** - [ToC](#)
67. **Threat Intelligence** - The [University of New Hampshire](#) has taken this [Topic](#).
Threat Intelligence Platforms - see "Threat Intelligence" above
Threat Vulnerability Assessment - see "[Risk Assessment and Quantification, and Management](#)"
68. **Training - Security-Awareness in the workforce** -
69. **Training - Cyber Workforce Development** -
70. **Transient Cyber Assets** -
USB Devices - see [Portable Media](#) above
71. **Virtualization** -
Vishing - see "Social Engineering"
72. **VPN Security** -
Vulnerability Assessment - see "[Risk Assessment and Quantification, and Management](#)"
73. **WAN Edge Infrastructure** -
74. **Web Application Firewalls (WAF)** -
75. **Whitelisting** -
Wireless - see "[Communications Systems - Wireless](#)" above
76. **Zero Trust** -



Access Management – see [Identity Access Management and Analysis](#) below

1. **Advanced Persistent Threat (APT) Protection**⁶ – [ToC](#)
 - 1.1. **Barracuda** - <https://www.barracuda.com/solutions> - Targeted industries do not include Utilities/Energy.
 - 1.2. **Cisco Systems** - <https://www.cisco.com> -
 - 1.3. **FireEye** - <https://www2.fireeye.com/stop-advanced-persistent-threats-today.html>
 - 1.4. **Forcepoint** - <https://www.forcepoint.com/product/cloud-security/forcepoint-advanced-malware-detection>
 - 1.5. **Fortinet** - <https://www.fortinet.com/solutions/enterprise-midsize-business/advanced-threat-protection.html>
 - 1.6. **Kaspersky Lab** - <https://usa.kaspersky.com/enterprise-security/apt-intelligence-reporting>
 - 1.7. **McAfee** - <https://www.mcafee.com/enterprise/en-us/products/advanced-threat-defense.html>
 - 1.8. **Microsoft** - <https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/windowsforbusiness/windows-atp>
 - 1.9. **Owl** - <http://library.owlcyberdefense.com/opds-100/page/1>
 - 1.10. **Palo Alto Networks** - <https://www.paloaltonetworks.com/>
 - 1.11. **Symantec** - <https://www.symantec.com/products/advanced-threat-protection>
 - 1.12. **Webroot** - <https://www.webroot.com/us/en/business/smb/endpoint-protection>
- Analog Signal Monitoring* – see “[Monitoring Electric and Analog Signals](#)”
2. **Antivirus**^{7 8} – [Ruggers University](#) has taken this Topic (POP page coming soon). **1/5** partial list [ToC](#)
 - 2.1. **Carbon Black** -
 - 2.2. **Cylance** - <https://www.cylance.com> -
 - 2.3. **McAfee** - <https://www.mcafee.com> -
 - 2.4. **Symantec** - <https://www.symantec.com> -
 - 2.5. **Verve** -
- Application Whitelisting* – see [Whitelisting](#) below
3. **Application Control**^{9 10} – [ToC](#)
 - 3.1. **Carbon Black** -
4. **Attacker Capability** -
Authentication – see [Identity Access Management and Analysis](#) below
5. **Building Automation Systems** -
 - 5.1. **FoxGuard Solutions** - <https://foxguardsolutions.com/bas/> -
6. **Change Management and Ticketing**
 - 6.1. **ServiceNow** - <https://www.servicenow.com> -
 - 6.2. **bmcRemedy** - <http://www.bmc.com> -

⁶ Radicati Market Quadrant - <https://www.EnergyCollection.us/Companies/Radicati/MQ-APT-2018.pdf>

⁷ Recommended Practice: Updating Antivirus in an Industrial Control Systems (from DHS NCCIC) - <https://tinyurl.com/ybdcuywo>

⁸ Comparison of Antivirus Software - https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Comparison_of_antivirus_software

⁹ What is Application Control? Definition, Best Practices & More - <https://digitalguardian.com/blog/what-application-control>

¹⁰ Application Control vs. Application Whitelisting - <https://www.airlockdigital.com/application-control-vs-application-whitelisting/>



7. Cloud Security and Services ^{11 12 13}

- 7.1. **Alert Logic** - <https://www.alertlogic.com> -
- 7.2. **Bitglass** - <https://www.bitglass.com/>
- 7.3. **Blue Coat** - Now Symantec - <https://www.symantec.com/>
https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Blue_Coat_Systems
- 7.4. **CensorNet** - <https://www.censornet.com/products/cloud-application-security/> -
- 7.5. **Cisco** - <https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/products/security/cloud-security/index.html> -
- 7.6. **CypherCloud** - <https://www.ciphercloud.com/> -
- 7.7. **Elastic** - <https://www.elastic.co/>
- 7.8. **FireLayers** - acquired by Proofpoint - https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Proofpoint,_Inc. <https://tinyurl.com/hbtebzn>
- 7.9. **Forcepoint** - <https://www.forcepoint.com/> -
- 7.10. **Lastline** - <https://www.lastline.com/use-cases/>
- 7.11. **Leidos** - <https://cyber.leidos.com/services/cloud-deployed-devices> -
- 7.12. **McAfee** - <https://www.mcafee.com/enterprise/en-us/solutions/fearless-innovation.html> -
- 7.13. **Microsoft** - <https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/cybersecurity/content-hub/cloud-security> - ToC
- 7.14. **Netskope** - <https://www.netskope.com/>
- 7.15. **OpenDNS** - <https://www.opendns.com>
PerspecSys - Acquired by Blue Coat - <https://tinyurl.com/yc66qs67>
<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Perspecsys>
- 7.16. **Outpost24** - <https://outpost24.com/>
- 7.17. **Oracle** - <https://www.oracle.com/security/> -
- 7.18. **Palo Alto Networks** - <https://www.paloaltonetworks.com/cyberpedia/cloud-security>
- 7.19. **Proofpoint** - <https://www.proofpoint.com/us>
- 7.20. **Qualys** - <https://www.qualys.com/cloud-platform/>
- 7.21. **Saviynt** - <https://saviynt.com/> -
- 7.22. **StackRox** - <https://www.stackrox.com/>
- 7.23. **Symantec** - <https://www.symantec.com/> -
- 7.24. **Trend Micro** - https://www.trendmicro.com/en_us/business.html -
- 7.25. **Unity Technology** -
- 7.26. **Zscaler** - <https://www.zscaler.com>

8. Compliance ¹⁴ - ToC

- 8.1. **AlienVault** -
- 8.2. **Archer Energy Solutions** - <http://www.archersecuritygroup.com/>
- 8.3. **AssurX** - <https://www.assurx.com/energy-utilities/>
- 8.4. **Axway** - <https://www.axway.com/en#>
- 8.5. **BlackStratus** - <https://www.blackstratus.com> -
- 8.6. **Check Point** - <https://www.checkpoint.com/products/security-compliance/>

¹¹ Gartner MQ for Cloud Access Security Brokers -

<https://www.EnergyCollection.us/Companies/Gartner/MQ-CASB-2018.pdf>

<https://www.EnergyCollection.us/Companies/Gartner/MQ-CASB-2019.pdf>

¹² Forrester Wave: Cloud-Security-Gateways-2019 -

<https://www.EnergyCollection.us/Companies/Forrester/Wave-Cloud-Security-2019.pdf>

¹³ Critical Capabilities for Cloud Access Security Brokers - a 2019 Gartner publication -

<https://www.EnergyCollection.us/Companies/Gartner/Critical-Capabilities-Cloud.pdf>

¹⁴ Assured Compliance Assessment Solution - <https://www.disa.mil/cybersecurity/network-defense/acas>



- 8.7. **D3 Security** - <https://d3security.com/industries/energy-utilities/>
- 8.8. **EnergySec** - <https://www.energysec.org/>
- 8.9. **Intellibind** - <http://www.intellibind.com/>
netForensics – now BlackStratus - <https://tinyurl.com/yaulcmj9>
- 8.10. **Network Perception** - <https://www.network-perception.com/>
- 8.11. **Network & Security Technology** - <http://www.netsectech.com>
- 8.12. **Qualys** - <https://www.qualys.com>
- 8.13. **Quanexus** - <https://quanexus.com> -
- 8.14. **Proven Compliance Solutions** - <http://provencompliance.com/web/>
- 8.15. **RedSeal** - <https://www.redseal.net/industries/utilities/>
- 8.16. **SailPoint** - <https://www.sailpoint.com/blog/auditable-compliance-nerc/>
SecureState – acquired by RSM - <https://tinyurl.com/yd3hm23v>
- 8.17. **SUBNET** - <http://www.subnet.com/news-events/white-papers/unified-ied-management-solution-whitepaper.aspx>
- 8.18. **Tenable (Nessus)** - <https://tinyurl.com/y9j2um9x>
- 8.19. **Tripwire** - <https://www.tripwire.com>
- 9. **Communications Systems** - ToC
- 9.1. **Broadcom** - <https://www.broadcom.com/applications/industrial-automotive/solar-power>
- 9.2. **iS5 Communications** - <https://is5com.com/about/>
- 9.3. **Pwnie Express** - <https://www.pwnieexpress.com/pulse>
- 9.4. **RAD** - <https://www.rad.com/solutions/critical-infrastructure-communications>
- 10. **Communications Systems – Wireless** -
- 10.1. **Perspecta Labs** - <https://www.perspectalabs.com/secure-smart-cmaas>
- 11. **Consultants** -
- 11.1. **Accenture** - <https://www.accenture.com/us-en/security-index> -
Accuvant (now Optiv) -
- 11.2. **Anfield Group** - <https://theanfieldgroup.com/cyber-physical-security-2> -
- 11.3. **ARC Advisory Group** - <https://www.arcweb.com/blog/cybersecurity-viewpoints>
-
- 11.4. **Archer Energy Solutions** - <http://www.archersecuritygroup.com> -
- 11.5. **Atos** - <https://atos.net/en/solutions/cyber-security> -
- 11.6. **AT&T** - <https://www.business.att.com/categories/cybersecurity-consulting-services.html> -
- 11.7. **Booz Allen Hamilton** -
<https://www.boozallen.com/expertise/cybersecurity.html> -
- 11.8. **BT** - <https://www.globalservices.bt.com/en> -
- 11.9. **Corporate Risk** - <https://www.rcpholdings.com/cyber-technology-eo-risk> -
- 11.10. **Dell** - <https://www.dellemc.com/en-us/solutions/data-protection/isolated-recovery-solution.htm> -
- 11.11. **Deloitte** - <https://www2.deloitte.com/cy/en/pages/risk/solutions/cyber-security-services.html> -
- 11.12. **EmeSec** - <https://www.emesec.net> -
Encari (acquired by PowerSecure) -
- 11.13. **EnergySec** - <https://www.energysec.org> -
- 11.14. **EY** - <https://www.ey.com/gl/en/services/advisory/ey-cybersecurity> -
Fishnet Security (now part of Optiv) -
- 11.15. **FoundStone** - <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Foundstone> -
- 11.16. **Gartner Group** - <https://www.gartner.com/en/information-technology/insights/cybersecurity> - ToC
- 11.17. **GeNUA** - <https://www.genua.de/en.html>
- 11.18. **Grimm** - <https://www.grimm-co.com/>



- 11.19. **IBM** - <https://www.ibm.com/security/services/cyber-security-consulting-for-active-threats> -
- 11.20. **ICF International** - <https://www.ibm.com/security/services/cyber-security-consulting-for-active-threats> -
- 11.21. **Insight Cyber** - <https://www.insightcybergroup.com> -
- 11.22. **IPsecure** - <http://www.ipsecureinc.com> -
- 11.23. **Hewlett Packard** - <https://www.hpe.com/us/en/services/consulting/security.html> -
- 11.24. **KPMG** - <https://home.kpmg.com/xx/en/home/services/advisory/risk-consulting/cyber-security-services/cyber-defense.html> -
- 11.25. **Kratos** - <http://www.kratossecureinfo.com> -
- 11.26. **NCI Security** - <https://www.ncisecurity.com> -
- 11.27. **NEC** - <https://www.nec.com/en/global/solutions/cybersecurity/index.html> -
- 11.28. **Optiv Security** - Accuvant and Fishnet Security Are Now Optiv - <https://www.optiv.com> -
- 11.29. **Ponemon** - <https://www.ponemon.org> -
- 11.30. **PowerSecure** - <https://powersecure.com> -
Premier Alliance (now part of Route9B) -
- 11.31. **Protiviti** - <https://www.protiviti.com/US-en/technology-consulting/cybersecurity> -
- 11.32. **PwC** - <https://www.pwc.com/gx/en/services/advisory/forensics/cyber-security.html> -
Rkneal Engineering (now Verve Industrial Protection) -
- 11.33. **Route9B** - <https://www.root9b.com> -
- 11.34. **Saint Corporation** - <http://www.saintcorporation.com> -
- 11.35. **SCADAhacker** - <https://www.scadahacker.com> -
Scitor (now part of SAIC) - <http://www.saic.com/what-we-do/information-technology/cyber> -
- 11.36. **Securicon** - <https://www.securicon.com/>
- 11.37. **Sisco** - <http://www.sisocorp.com> -
- 11.38. **ThreatGEN** - <https://threatgen.com> -
- 11.39. **UtiliSec** - acquired by InGuardians
- 11.40. **Verve** - <http://verveindustrial.com/ot-cyber> -
- 11.41. **VioPoint** - <http://www.viopoint.com> -
- 12. **Content Disarm & Reconstruction (CDR)** ¹⁵ - ToC
- 12.1. **Check Point** -
- 12.2. **Deep Secure** -
- 12.3. **Fortinet** -
- 12.4. **Glasswall Solutions** -
- 12.5. **Jiransecurity** -
- 12.6. **Net at Work** -
- 12.7. **Peraton (Purifile)** -
- 12.8. **ReSec** -
- 12.9. **ODI-X** -
- 12.10. **OPSWAT** -
- 12.11. **Resec** -
- 12.12. **SASA Software (Gate Scanner CDR)** -
- 12.13. **Softcamp** -
- 12.14. **Votiro (Disarmer)** -

¹⁵ Wikipedia article with vendor listing - https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Content_Disarm_%26_Reconstruction



12.15. YazamTech -

Dark Web & Deep Web Monitoring – see “[Deep Web...](#)” below

13. Dashboards and Analysis -

[ToC](#)

BrightPoint Security – acquired by ServiceNow - <https://tinyurl.com/ya75tpey>

13.1. Cytegitic - <http://www.cytegitic.com>

13.2. Digital Shadows - <https://www.digitalsadows.com/>

13.3. Palo Alto Networks - <https://www.paloaltonetworks.com/>

13.4. ServiceNow - <https://www.servicenow.com>

13.5. Skybox Security - <https://www.skyboxsecurity.com/>

13.6. Swimlane - <https://swimlane.com/>

14. Data Protection and Encryption ^{16 17 18} - [Illinois Institute of Technology](#) has undertaken an analysis of Vendors for this Topic (PoP page coming soon). **01/38**

[ToC](#)

14.1. ABB - <https://new.abb.com/safety>

14.2. Aclara - <https://www.aclara.com/products-and-services/communications-networks/twacs-plc/>

14.3. Amazon Web Services - <https://aws.amazon.com>

14.4. BEA Systems - <https://www.baesystems.com/en-us/product/cyber-r-d>

14.5. Black & Veatch - <https://www.bv.com/>

14.6. DellEMC - www.dell.com

14.7. Digital Guardian - <https://digitalguardian.com>

14.8. Fortress - <https://www.fortressinfosec.com/a2v/>

14.9. GE - <https://www.ge.com/security>

14.10. Google Cloud - <https://cloud.google.com>

14.11. IBM -

[https://www.ibm.com/expressadvantage/br/downloads/The IBM Solution Architecture for Energy and Utilities Framework.pdf](https://www.ibm.com/expressadvantage/br/downloads/The_IBM_Solution_Architecture_for_Energy_and_Utilities_Framework.pdf)

14.12. IOActive - <https://ioactive.com/service/security-team-development/>

14.13. Itron - <https://www.itron.com/na/solutions/what-we-enable/meter-data-management>

14.14. McAfee - www.mcafee.com

14.15. Microfocus - <https://www.microfocus.com/en-us/solutions/data-security-encryption>

14.16. Microsoft Azure Information Protection - <https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/services/information-protection>

14.17. Opower (Oracle Corporation) -

<https://www.oracle.com/corporate/acquisitions/opacity/>

Oracle – see “Opower (Oracle Corporation)” above

14.18. Protegrity - <https://www.protegrity.com>

14.19. Qubitek - <http://qubitek.com>

14.20. Schneider Electric - <https://www.se.com/us/en/work/solutions/for-business/data-centers-and-networks/>

14.21. Siemens - <https://new.siemens.com/global/en/products/energy/energy-automation-and-smart-grid/grid-applications/energyip.html>

14.22. Stealthbits - <https://www.stealthbits.com>

14.23. Spirion - <https://www.spirion.com>

¹⁶ [Topic Description and Discussion](#) – <https://cultureofresilience/pop-bp-t-data-protection.pdf>

¹⁷ [Top Endpoint Encryption Technology Vendors](#) - <https://www.EnergyCollection.us/Energy-Security/Top-Endpoint-Encryption-Technology-Vendors.pdf>

¹⁸ See also “[Digital Certificates](#)”



14.24. Symantec - <https://www.symantec.com/products/encryption/> / <https://www.broadcom.com/solutions/data-center/data-center-solutions>

14.25. Tenable - <https://www.tenable.com/solutions/energy>

14.26. Thales eSecurity - <https://www.thalesecurity.com>

14.27. TrendMicro -

14.28. Varonis - <https://www.varonis.com>

15. Data Sources -

[ToC](#)

15.1. Blue Heron -

15.2. DomainTools -

15.3. Farsight Security -

15.4. Financial Services Affiliate -

15.5. iSIGHT Partners -

15.6. Malcovery -

15.7. National Cyber Watch -

15.8. OpenDNS -

15.9. Wapack Labs -

16. Data Visualization

16.1. Malformity Labs -

17. Deception Technology

17.1. Attivon Networks - <https://attivonetworks.com>

17.2. TrapX - <http://prnewswire.sys-con.com/node/4356829/> / <https://trapx.com/industries/manufacturing-scada/>

18. DDoS Attack Protection - Sacred Heart University (POP page coming soon) is doing an analysis of Vendors for this [Topic](#). **00/13** partial list

[ToC](#)

18.1. Akamai - <https://www.akamai.com/us/en/resources/ddos-protection.jsp>

18.2. AppTrana - <https://apptrana.indusface.com/managed-ddos-protection-mitigation/>

18.3. AWS Shield - <https://aws.amazon.com/shield/>

18.4. Cloud Armor - <https://cloud.google.com/armor/>

18.5. Cloudflare - <https://www.cloudflare.com/ddos/>

18.6. Imperva - <https://www.imperva.com/learn/application-security/ddos-attacks/>

18.7. Incapsula - <https://www.incapsula.com/ddos-protection-services.html>

18.8. Link11 - <https://www.link11.com/en/>

18.9. Netscout - <https://www.netscout.com/arbor-ddos>

18.10. Perspecta Labs - <https://www.perspectalabs.com/cybersecurity-research>

18.11. SiteLock - <https://sitelock.p5ld.net/bB52M>

18.12. StackPath - <https://tracking.stackpath.com/OWZzK>

18.13. Sucuri - <https://sucuri.net/ddos-protection/>

19. Deep Web, Dark Web ¹⁹ -

[ToC](#)

19.1. Cyber Edge -

19.2. Flashpoint -

19.3. Hold Security - <https://holdsecurity.com/services/deep-web-monitoring>

19.4. Intsights - <https://www.intsights.com/solutions-use-case-dark-web-monitoring>

19.5. Ipswitch - <https://blog.ipswitch.com/deep-web-monitoring-future-data-breach-detection>

19.6. KELA -

19.7. Massive - <https://www.massivealliance.com>

19.8. SpyCloud - <https://spycloud.com/do-dark-web-monitoring-tools-work>

¹⁹ Scan the dark web for threat intelligence -

<https://www.csoonline.com/article/3245587/scan-the-dark-web-for-threat-intelligence.html>



20. Digital Certificate Management -	<u>ToC</u>
20.1. Digicert -	
20.2. Venafi -	
21. Digital Risk Protection ²⁰ -	<u>ToC</u>
21.1. Axur -	
21.2. Blueliv -	
21.3. CTM360 -	
21.4. CyberInt -	
21.5. Cyxtera -	
21.6. Digital Shadows - https://www.digitalshadows.com/	
21.7. IntSights - https://www.intsights.com/tailored-intelligence	
21.8. LookingGlass Cyber Solutions -	
21.9. Proofpoint -	
21.10. Recorded Future -	
21.11. RiskIQ -	
21.12. Social SafeGuard -	
21.13. Sweepatic -	
21.14. ZeroFOX -	
<i>Distributed Energy – Solar Farms</i> - See " Generation Solar "	
<i>Distributed Energy – Wind Farms</i> - See " Generation Wind "	
22. Drone Attack Defense -	<u>ToC</u>
22.1.	
23. Education for Employees -	
23.1. Anomali - https://www.anomali.com	
<i>Email Focus</i> - see Phishing -	
24. EMS Protection (in a Balancing Authority) -	

²⁰ Forrester New Wave™: Digital Risk Protection, Q3 2018 - <https://www.EnergyCollection.us/Energy-Security/Digital-Risk-Protection-01.pdf>



25. Endpoint Detection & Response (EDR) ^{21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29} -

ToC

25.1. Appthority - <https://www.appthority.com>

25.2. AT&T -

25.3. Axonius -

25.4. Bit9 - now Carbon Black - <https://tinyurl.com/ya2mauhw>

25.5. Bromium -

25.6. Carbon Black - <https://www.carbonblack.com> - MITRE attack analysis - <https://attacker.vals.mitre.org/evaluations/carbonblack.1.ap3.1.html>

25.7. Check Point - <https://www.checkpoint.com/products/endpoint-policy-management/>

25.8. Cisco Systems (Cisco ICE) - <https://www.cisco.com> -

25.9. Clarity -

25.10. CounterTack - <https://www.countertack.com/> / MITRE attack analysis - <https://attacker.vals.mitre.org/evaluations/carbonblack.1.ap3.1.html>

25.11. CrowdStrike - <https://www.crowdstrike.com> / <https://tinyurl.com/yckl2hn2> / MITRE Attack analysis - <https://attacker.vals.mitre.org/evaluations/crowdstrike.1.ap3.1.html>

25.12. Cyber Edge - c-Assur -

25.13. Cybereason - <https://www.cybereason.com/> / MITRE Attack Analysis - <https://attacker.vals.mitre.org/evaluations.html>

25.14. CyberX -

25.15. Cylance - <https://www.cylance.com> -

25.16. Dell ³⁰ -

²¹ Endpoint Detection and Response (EDR) platforms are security systems that combine elements of next-gen antivirus with additional tools to provide real-time anomaly detection and alerting, forensic analysis and endpoint remediation capabilities. By recording every file execution and modification, registry change, network connection and binary execution across an organization's endpoints, EDR enhances threat visibility beyond the scope of EPPs.

²² Wikipedia on Endpoint Security - https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Endpoint_security

²³ IDC MarketScape - <https://www.energycollection.us/Companies/IDC/MarketScape-Endpoint-Protection-2018.pdf>

²⁴ Forrester Endpoint Detection and Response 2018 -

<https://www.energycollection.us/Companies/Forrester/Wave-Endpoint-Detection-2018.pdf>

ToC

²⁵ SANS Survey, Endpoint Protection and Response -

https://www.energycollection.us/Companies/SANS/Endpoint_Detection_Response.pdf

²⁶ Top Endpoint Encryption Technology Vendors - <https://www.energycollection.us/Energy-Security/Top-Endpoint-Encryption-Technology-Vendors.pdf>

²⁷ Forrester Endpoint Security Suites 2018 -

<https://www.energycollection.us/Companies/Forrester/Wave-Endpoint-Security-2018.pdf>

²⁸ Network Access Control - Wikipedia -

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Network_Access_Control - Network Access Control (NAC) is an approach to computer security that attempts to unify endpoint security technology (such as antivirus, host intrusion prevention, and vulnerability assessment), user or system authentication and network security enforcement.

²⁹ NSS Labs re Advanced Endpoint Protection - <https://www.nsslabs.com/aep-test-overview>

³⁰ Dell unveils endpoint security portfolio with CrowdStrike, Secureworks -

<http://www.energycollection.us/Best-Practices/Endpoint-Detection-And-Response/Dell-Unveils-Endpoint.pdf>



- 25.17. Endgame** – MITRE Attack Analysis - <https://attackevals.mitre.org/evaluations/crowdstrike.1.apt3.1.html>
- 25.18. ESET** - <https://www.eset.com/us/> -
- 25.19. Fidelis Security** - <https://www.fidelissecurity.com/products/network>
- 25.20. FireEye** - <https://www.fireeye.com/> / MITRE Attack Analysis - <https://attackevals.mitre.org/evaluations.html>
- 25.21. FireLayers** - ToC
- 25.22. ForeScout** -
- 25.23. Gravwell** - <http://www.gravwell.com> - <https://www.gravwell.io/technology>
- 25.24. Hexis** -
- 25.25. IronNet** -
- 25.26. Ivanti** - <https://www.ivanti.com/> -
- 25.27. Juniper Networks** - <https://www.juniper.net/us/en/products-services/security/advanced-threat-prevention-appliance/>
- 25.28. Kaspersky Labs** - <https://usa.kaspersky.com/> -
- 25.29. Leidos** -
- 25.30. Lumension** -
- 25.31. Lumenta** - <http://www.lumeta.com/products/spectre>
- 25.32. Malwarebytes** - <https://www.malwarebytes.com/> -
- 25.33. McAfee** - <https://www.mcafee.com> -
- 25.34. Microsoft** - <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/sccm/protect/deploy-use/endpoint-protection> - / MITRE Attack Analysis - <https://attackevals.mitre.org/evaluations/microsoft.1.apt3.1.html>
- 25.35. Mobile System 7** -
- 25.36. Morphisec PAS** -
- 25.37. Open Text Corporation** - <https://www.opentext.com/>
- 25.38. Palo Alto Networks** - <https://www.paloaltonetworks.com/>
- 25.39. ProofPoint** -
- 25.40. RSA Security** - <https://www.rsa.com/en-us/index> / MITRE Attack Analysis - <https://attackevals.mitre.org/evaluations/rsa.1.apt3.1.html>
- 25.41. Secureworks** -
- 25.42. SentinelOne** - MITRE Attack Analysis - <https://attackevals.mitre.org/evaluations/sentinelone.1.apt3.1.html>
- 33.1. Skybox Security** -
- 33.2. Sophos** - <https://secure2.sophos.com/en-us/lp/edr-check.aspx?>
- 33.3. SSH** - <https://www.ssh.com/> - ToC
- 25.43. Symantec** - <https://www.symantec.com/>
- 25.44. Tanium** - <https://www.tanium.com/>
- 25.45. Tenable** -
- 25.46. Trend Micro** - https://www.trendmicro.com/en_us/business.html
- 25.47. Tripwire** - <https://www.tripwire.com/>
- 25.48. Zimperium** -
- 26. Endpoint Protection Platforms** ³¹ - ToC
- 26.1. Bitdefender** - <https://www.bitdefender.com/>
- 26.2. BlackBerry Cylance** - <https://www.cylance.com/en-us/index.html>
- 26.3. Carbon Black** - <https://www.carbonblack.com> -
- 26.4. Check Point** - <https://www.checkpoint.com/products/endpoint-policy-management>
- 26.5. Cisco Systems** (Cisco ICE) - <https://www.cisco.com> -

³¹ Gartner MQ on Endpoint Protection Platforms - <https://energycollection.com/Companies/Gartner/MQ-Endpoint-Protection-Platforms.pdf>



- 26.6. **CrowdStrike** – <https://www.crowdstrike.com> / <https://tinyurl.com/yckl2hn2> -
- 26.7. **ESET** - <https://www.eset.com/us> -
- 26.8. **F-Secure** - https://www.f-secure.com/en_US/welcome
- 26.9. **FireEye** - <https://www.fireeye.com> -
- 26.10. **Fortinet** - <https://www.fortinet.com/solutions/enterprise-midsize-business/endpoint-and-device-protection.html>
- 26.11. **Kaspersky Labs** - <https://usa.kaspersky.com> -
- 26.12. **Malwarebytes** - <https://www.malwarebytes.com> -
- 26.13. **McAfee** - <https://www.mcafee.com> -
- 26.14. **Microsoft** – <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/sccm/protect/deploy-use/endpoint-protection> - /
- 26.15. **Mocana** - <https://www.mocana.com/solutions/electricity>
- 26.16. **Panda Security** - <https://www.pandasecurity.com/usa> -
- 26.17. **Palo Alto Networks** - <https://www.paloaltonetworks.com> -
- 26.18. **SentinelOne** - <https://www.sentinelone.com> - MITRE Attack Analysis - <https://attckevals.mitre.org/evaluations/sentinelone.1.ap3.1.html> -
- 26.19. **Sophos** - <https://secure2.sophos.com/en-us/lp/edr-check.aspx?> -
- 26.20. **Symantec** - <https://www.symantec.com> -
- 26.21. **Trend Micro** - https://www.trendmicro.com/en_us/business.html
- 27. File Integrity** - ToC
- 27.1. **Tripwire** - <https://www.tripwire.com/products/tripwire-file-integrity-manager/>
- 28. Frameworks and Controls** ³² - [Private Notes](#) -
- 28.1. **AlienVault** - <https://www.alienvault.com/products/usm-anywhere> (supports CSF)
- 28.2. **BSIMM** - <https://www.bsimm.com/about.html>
- 28.3. **CIS Controls** - <https://www.cisecurity.org/controls/>
- 28.4. **NIST CSF (Cyber Security Framework)** - <https://www.nist.gov/cyberframework>
- 28.5. **ES-C2M2** - <https://www.energy.gov/ceser/activities/cybersecurity-critical-energy-infrastructure/energy-sector-cybersecurity-0-1>
- 28.6. **ISO IES 2700 Family** - <https://www.iso.org/isoiec-27001-information-security.html>
- 28.7. **MITRE** - <https://www.tripwire.com/state-of-security/mitre-framework/mitre-attack-framework-what-know/>
- 28.8. **PCI DSS** - <https://www.itgovernanceusa.com/shop/product/pci-dss-documentation-toolkit>
- 28.9. **PCI Security Standards Council** - Software Security Framework - https://www.pcisecuritystandards.org/documents/FAQs-for-PCI-Software-Security-Framework-v1_0.pdf?agreement=true&time=1554722214000
- Firewalls** – see “[Network Segmentation](#)”
- 29. Generation – Central Station** - ToC
- 29.1.
 - Generation – Solar** – see “[Distributed Energy – Solar](#)” above
 - Generation – Wind** – see “[Distributed Energy – Wind](#)” above
- 30. Generation – Solar** -
- 31. Generation – Wind** -
- 32. Governance, Risk, And Compliance (GRC) Platforms** - ToC
- 32.1. **BWise (acquired by SAI Global)** -
- 32.2. **EMC RSA** - <https://www.rsa.com/en-us/index>

³² Topic initially presented at the POP BP Conference 2019-02-04 by *Steven Parker, President, EnergySec* -



- 32.3. **Enablon** - <https://enablon.com>
- 32.4. **Fortress Information Security** - <https://fortressinfosec.com/about/>
- 32.5. **GuidePoint Security** - <https://www.guidepointsecurity.com>
- 32.6. **IBM** - <https://www.ibm.com/analytics/hk/en/business/governance-risk-compliance/>
- 32.7. **LogicManager** - <https://www.logicmanager.com/>
- 32.8. **MetricStream** - <https://www.metricstream.com>
- 32.9. **Nasdaq BWISE** - <https://www.bwise.com/>
- 32.10. **NAVEX Global** - <https://www.navexglobal.com/en-us>
- 32.11. **Protiviti** - <https://www.protiviti.com>
- 32.12. **Resolver** - <https://www.resolver.com/>
- 32.13. **Rsam** - <https://www.rsam.com/>
- 32.14. **SAI Global** - <https://www.saiglobal.com>
- 32.15. **SAP** - <https://www.sap.com/products/technology-platforms/grc.html>
- 32.16. **Thomas Reuters** - <https://www.thomsonreuters.com/en/products-services/risk-management.html>
- 32.17. **Trusted Integration** - <http://www.trustedintegration.com/>
- 32.18. **Wolters Kluwer Financial Services** - <https://wolterskluwer.com/products-services/our-portfolio/governance-risk-compliance.html>
- 33. Identity Access Management and Governance** ^{33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40} - [Northeastern University](#) has undertaken an analysis of Vendors for this **Topic. 5/40** [ToC](#)
- 33.1. **AlertEnterprise** - <http://www.alertenterprise.com/> - in NE Study
- 33.2. **Altos (Evidian)** - <https://www.evidian.com/> - in NE Study
- 33.3. **Auth0** - <https://auth0.com/> - in NE Study
- 33.4. **BeyondTrust (PAM)** - <https://www.beyondtrust.com/> - in NE Study
- 33.5. **BioCatch** - <https://www.biocatch.com> - in NE Study
- 33.6. **BlackRidge Technology** - <https://www.blackridge.us/solutions/iiot-and-utilities> - In NE Study
Broadcom – see "CA Technologies" below
- 33.7. **CA Technologies (Broadcom)** - <https://www.broadcom.com/products/software/cybersecurity/identity-and-access-management> - in NE Study

³³ [Northeastern University](#) has undertaken an analysis of Vendors for this Topic.

³⁴ Forrester - The Future Of Identity And Access Management -

<https://www.EnergyCollection.us/Best-Practices/Identity-Management-and-Governance/Forrester-Future.pdf>

³⁵ Forrester Wave: Identity-As-A-Service (IDaaS) for Enterprise, Q2 2019 -

<https://www.okta.com/resources/analyst-research-forrester-wave-leader-identity-as-a-service/>

³⁶ SailPoint - the 2018 Identity Report -

<https://www.EnergyCollection.us/Best-Practices/Identity-Management-and-Governance/SailPoint-Identity-Report-2018.pdf>

³⁷ NCCoE on Identity Access Management - <https://www.nccoe.nist.gov/projects/use-cases/idam>

³⁸ Forrester Wave - <https://www.EnergyCollection.us/Best-Practices/Identity-Management-and-Governance/Forrester-2018.pdf>

³⁹ Gartner – Magic Quadrant for Identity Governance and Administration -

<https://www.EnergyCollection.us/Companies/Gartner/MQ-Identity-Access.pdf>

⁴⁰ Gartner – Critical Capabilities for Access Management -

<https://www.EnergyCollection.us/Companies/Gartner/Critical-Capabilities-Access-Management.pdf>



- 33.8. Centrify (PAM)** - <https://www.centrify.com/privileged-access-management/privileged-access-service/> - in NE Study
- 33.9. Cisco** - <https://www.cisco.com/> - in NE Study
- 33.10. Core Security** - <https://www.coresecurity.com/> - in NE Study
- 33.11. CyberArk (PAM)** - <https://www.cyberark.com> - in NE Study
- 33.12. Dell Technologies (RSA)** - <https://www.delltechnologies.com/en-us/index.htm> - in NE Study
Fortscale – acquired by RSA - <https://www.rsa.com/en-us/blog/2018-04/rsa-acquires-fortscale>
Evidan – see “Atos (Evidan)” above
- 33.13. ForgeRock** - <https://www.forgerock.com/> - in NE Study
- 33.14. GlobalSign** - <https://www.globalsign.com/en/> - in NE Study
- 33.15. HID Industries** - <https://www.hidglobal.com/oil-gas>
- 33.16. Hypr** - <https://www.hypr.com>
- 33.17. IBM** - <https://www.ibm.com/security/identity-access-management> - in NE study
- 33.18. Idaptive** - <https://www.idaptive.com/> - in NE Study
- 33.19. IDM365** - <https://idm365.com/> - in NE Study
- 33.20. Micro Focus (NetIQ)** - <https://www.microfocus.com/en-us/home> - in NE Study
- 33.21. Microsoft** - <https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/security/technology/identity-access-management> - in NE Study
NetIQ – see “Micro Focus (NetIQ)” above
- 33.22. Nok Nok Labs** - <https://www.noknok.com> - in NE Study
- 33.23. Okta** - <https://www.okta.com/iam-identity-and-access-management/> - in NE Study
- 33.24. Omanda** - <https://omadatechnologies.com/> - in NE Study
- 33.25. One Identity** - <https://www.oneidentity.com/> - in NE Study
- 33.26. OneLogin** - <https://www.onelogin.com/> - in NE Study
- 33.27. Oracle** - <https://www.oracle.com/index.html> - in NE Study
PAM – see “BeyondTrust (PAM)” above
PAM – see “Centrify (PAM)” above
PAM – see “CyberArc (PAM)” above
PAM – see (Thycotic (PAM)) below
- 33.28. PAS** - <https://www.pas.com> - in NE Study
- 33.29. Ping Identity** - <https://www.pingidentity.com/en.html> - in NE Study
Quantum Secure – See “HID Industries” above
- 33.30. Radiflow** - <https://radiflow.com/> - in NE Study
RSA Security – see “Dell (RSA)” above
- 33.31. SailPoint** - <https://www.sailpoint.com> - in NE Study
- 33.32. SAP NS2** - <https://sapns2.com/> - in NE Study
- 33.33. Saviynt** - <https://saviynt.com/> - in NE Study
- 33.34. SecureAuth** - <https://www.secureauth.com/> - in NE Study
- 33.35. SSH** - <https://www.ssh.com/> - in NE Study
Stormpath – bought by Okta - <https://stormpath.com> -
- 33.36. Thales** - <https://www.thalesgroup.com/en/markets/digital-identity-and-security/enterprise-cybersecurity> - in NE Study
- 33.37. ThreatMetrix** - <https://www.threatmetrix.com/> / <https://risk.lexisnexis.com/products/threatmetrix/> - in NE Study
- 33.38. Thycotic (PAM)** - <https://thycotic.com/> - in NE Study
- 33.39. Ubisecure (CIAM)** - <https://www.ubisecure.com/> - in NE Study
- 33.40. XTech** - <http://www.xtec.com/solutions/critical-infrastructure.html>



- 34. Incident Response** ⁴¹ – ToC
- 34.1. **AlienVault USM** -
 - 34.2. **D3 Security** - <https://d3security.com/platform/automated-incident-response/>
 - 34.3. **Dragos** -
 - 34.4. **Resilient Systems** -
- 35. Information Sharing** -
- 35.1. **CRISP** -
 - 35.2. **E-ISAC** -
 - 35.3. **Energy Analytic Security Exchange (EASE)** - <https://www.isao.org/information-sharing-group/sector/energy-analytic-security-exchange-ease/>
 - 35.4. **IronNet** -
- 36. Insider Threats** ⁴² –
- 36.1. **Claroty** -
 - 36.2. **Dtex** - <https://www.dtexsystems.com/about/>
 - 36.3. **ForeScout** -
Fortscale – acquired by RSA - <https://www.rsa.com/en-us/blog/2018-04/rsa-acquires-fortscale>
 - 36.4. **RedOwl Analytics** -
 - 36.5. **PAS** - <https://www.pas.com> -
 - 36.6. **PhishMe** -
 - 36.7. **Veriato** - <https://www.veriato.com/>
- 37. Internet of Things (IoT)** ⁴³ - ToC
- 37.1. **Affinity Security** - <https://affinity-it-security.com>
 - 37.2. **Cisco** -
 - 37.3. **Claroty** - <https://finance.yahoo.com/news/claroty-extends-visibility-market-leading-120000484.html>
- IT Monitoring* - see [Enterprise IT Network Monitoring and Threat Detection](#) above
Level 0 Devices within the Purdue Architecture ⁴⁴ – see "[Monitoring Electric and Analog Signals in real-time](#)"
- 38. Log Management** - ToC
- 38.1. **BlackStratus** - <https://www.blackstratus.com> -
 - 38.2. **Cyber Edge** -
 - 38.3. **Tripwire** - <https://www.tripwire.com/products/tripwire-log-center/>
- 39. Managed Services (MSSPs)** ^{45 46} –
- 39.1. **Alert Logic** -
 - 39.2. **AT&T** -
 - 39.3. **Atos** -

⁴¹ ICS Cyber Incident Response Plan RP - <https://ics-cert.us-cert.gov/Abstract-ICS-Cyber-Incident-Response-Plan-RP>

⁴² Note: Vendors that have the capability to actively monitor IT Networks, or ICS networks are potentially able to identify a given device is a rogue that is spoofing an IP Address for a valid device

⁴³ The Industrial Internet of Things - What's the Difference Between IoT and IIoT? <https://www.leverage.com/blogpost/difference-between-iiot-and-iiot/>

⁴⁴ A Grim Gap: Cybersecurity of Level 1 Field Devices - <https://www.powermag.com/a-grim-gap-cybersecurity-of-level-1-field-devices/>

⁴⁵ Forrester Wave 2018 - <https://www.EnergyCollection.us/Companies/Forrester/Wave-MSSPs-2018.pdf>

⁴⁶ Gartner MQ on Managed Security Service Providers – 2019 - <https://www.EnergyCollection.us/Companies/Gartner/MQ-MSSP-2019.pdf>



- 39.4. **BAE Systems** -
 - 39.5. **BT** -
 - 39.6. **Capgemini** -
 - 39.7. **CenturyLink** -
 - 39.8. **CSC** -
 - 39.9. **Datto** - www.Datto.com
 - 39.10. **Dell Networks** -
 - 39.11. **Fujitsu** -
 - 39.12. **GridSME** - <https://www.grid sme.com/gridsec.html>
 - 39.13. **HP** -
 - 39.14. **IBM** -
 - 39.15. **NTT** -
 - 39.16. **Orange Business Services** -
 - 39.17. **Outpost24** - <https://outpost24.com/>
 - 39.18. **Secureworks** -
 - 39.19. **SolarWinds** - <https://www.solarwindsm sp.com/>
 - 39.20. **Solutionary** -
 - 39.21. **Symantec** -
 - 39.22. **Tripwire** -
 - 39.23. **Trustwave** - <https://www.trustwave.com/en-us/> - not targeting Utilities on industry focus page.
 - 39.24. **Unity Technology** -
 - 39.25. **Verizon** -
 - 39.26. **Wipro** -
- Network Access Control (NAC)** - see [Enterprise IT Network Monitoring and Threat Detection](#) above

40. Monitoring Devices and Hosts ⁴⁷ ⁴⁸ -

ToC

41. Monitoring Electric and Analog Signals in real-time -

- 41.1. **Exacter** -
- 41.2. **Mission Secure** - <https://www.missionsecure.com/solutions/products/>
- 41.3. **North Carolina State University** - <https://www.helpnetsecurity.com/2019/04/29/identify-malware-in-embedded-systems/>
- 41.4. **Siga** - <https://sigasec.com/how-it-works/>

⁴⁷ **Host-Based Intrusion Detection System Comparison** - https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Host-based_intrusion_detection_system_comparison

⁴⁸ **Mobile Device Security: Cloud and Hybrid Builds** - <https://www.nccoe.nist.gov/projects/building-blocks/mobile-device-security/cloud-hybrid>



42. Monitoring – Real-Time Operational Technology Network Analysis and Security

⁴⁹ ⁵⁰ ⁵¹ ⁵² ⁵³ ⁵⁴ – [Washington State University](#) has undertaken an analysis of Vendors for this [Topic](#). **24/49** [ToC](#)

42.1. 802 Secure -

42.2. AICS - <https://inl.gov/article/federal-laboratory-consortium-awards/>

42.3. Ampex - <https://www.ampex.com/ceadil/>

42.4. Aperio - <https://www.aperio-systems.com/>

42.5. Armis - <https://armis.com/product/>

42.6. Bayshore Networks -

42.7. BlackStratus - <https://www.blackstratus.com/industries/energy-utility-sectors/>

Centri - <https://www.centritechnology.com/> - not relevant in this space

42.8. Centripetal Networks - <https://www.centripetalnetworks.com/>

42.9. Check Point - <https://www.checkpoint.com/solutions/critical-infrastructure/>

Cisco Systems – see Sentryo below / also see Snort below

42.10. Claroty - <https://www.claroty.com/continuous-threat-detection>

ControlWatch – see “Fortiphy” below

42.11. Cyberbit - <https://www.cyberbit.com/solutions/ics-scada-security-continuity/>

42.12. CyberProof - <https://www.cyberproof.com/>

CyberLens - <https://cyberlens.io/> - now part of Dragos

42.13. CyberX - <https://cyberx-labs.com/> /

<http://www.EnergyCollection.us/Companies/NIST/NISTIR-8219.pdf>

42.14. Cyglass - <https://www.cyglass.com/>

42.15. D&G - Darktrace - <https://www.darktrace.com/en/industries/#utilities>

42.16. DarkTrace -

42.17. Dragos - <https://dragos.com/>

42.18. Fidelis Security - <https://www.fidelissecurity.com/products/network> -

42.19. FireMon (Lumeta) - <https://www.firemon.com/products/lumeta/> -

FlowTraq - <https://www.flowtraq.com/industries/> - Utilities not a target market

42.20. Forcepoint - <https://www.forcepoint.com/solutions/industry/critical-infrastructure-cybersecurity> -

[ToC](#)

42.21. ForeScout - SecurityMatters (acquired by ForeScout) -

<https://www.forescout.com/platform/operational-technology/>

42.22. Fortiphy (ControlWatch) - <https://www.fortiphyd.com/products/>

42.23. FoxGuard Solutions - <https://foxguardsolutions.com/sentrigard/>

42.24. GAI Technologies -

42.25. GE Digital (Wurldtech acquisition) -

<https://www.ge.com/digital/applications/cyber-security>

⁴⁹ Topic initially presented at the POP BP Conference 2019-02-04 by *Dale Peterson, Creator and Program Chair of S4 Events; Leader in ICS Security Research; Industry Evangelist* -

⁵⁰ *Securing Manufacturing Industrial Control Systems: Behavioral Anomaly Detection* - <https://www.EnergyCollection.us/Companies/NIST/NISTIR-8219.pdf>

⁵¹ *NCCOE on Asset Management* - <https://www.nccoe.nist.gov/projects/use-cases/energy-sector/asset-management>

⁵² *NIST Cybersecurity Practice Guide, Special Publication 1800-7: “Situational Awareness for Electric Utilities”* - <https://www.nccoe.nist.gov/projects/use-cases/situational-awareness>

⁵³ See NISTR 8219 – *Securing Manufacturing Industrial Control Systems: Behavioral-Anomaly Detection* - <https://www.nccoe.nist.gov/sites/default/files/library/mf-ics-nistir-8219.pdf>

⁵⁴ See list of vendors at https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Network_behavior_anomaly_detection#Commercial_products



- 42.26. GrayMatter** - <https://graymattersystems.com/cyber-security-for-operational-technology/>
Great Bay Software - <https://www.greatbaysoftware.com> - only targeting Healthcare and Financial Services Industries
- 42.27. Indegy** - <https://www.indegy.com/>
IronNet (via Claroty partnership) - <https://www.claroty.com/continuous-threat-detection>
- 42.28. Kaspersky Lab** - <https://usa.kaspersky.com/enterprise-security/industrial-solution> - ToC
- 42.29. Leidos** - <https://www.leidos.com/markets/energy/utilities/utility-security>
Lumeta - see FireMon above
- 42.30. Mission Secure** - <https://www.missionsecure.com/solutions/products/>
- 42.31. mPrest** - <https://www.mprest.com/industries/security-cip>
- 42.32. Network Perception** - <https://www.network-perception.com/np-live/>
NexDefense - Acquired by Dragos
- 42.33. Nextnine** - https://nextnine.com/ics_cybersecurity/
- 42.34. Nozomi Networks** - <https://www.nozominetworks.com/solutions/electric-utilities/>
Omnivise - Siemens product name - see Siemens below
- 42.35. PAS** - <https://www.pas.com> -
- 42.36. Positive Technologies** - <https://www.ptsecurity.com/ww-en/solutions/utilities/>
- 42.37. ProtectWise** - <https://www.protectwise.com/converged-it-ot/>
- 42.38. RAD** - <https://www.rad.com/hot-trends/Cyber-Security-1>
- 42.39. Radiflow** - <https://radiflow.com/products/isid-industrial-threat-detection/>
SCADAfence - <https://www.scadafence.com/platform/> - no apparent U.S. operations
- 42.40. Secure-NOC** - <https://www.securenok.com/our-products/#ids> / <http://www.EnergyCollection.us/Companies/NIST/NISTIR-8219.pdf>
SecurityMatters (SilentDefense) - see ForeScout above
- 42.41. Sentryo** - <https://www.sentryo.net/product-ics-cybervision/>
- 42.42. Siemens / Chronicle Partnership** - [https://press.siemens.com/global/en/pressrelease/siemens-and-chronicle-join-forces-provide-industrial-monitoring-and-detection-energy?content\[\]=GP](https://press.siemens.com/global/en/pressrelease/siemens-and-chronicle-join-forces-provide-industrial-monitoring-and-detection-energy?content[]=GP)
SilentDefense - product name - see SecurityMatters
- 42.43. Snort** - <https://www.snort.org/> - [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Snort_\(software\)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Snort_(software))
 mainly maintained by Cisco
Sophia - now part of Dragos community tools - <https://dragos.com/community-tools/>
- 42.44. Tenable** - <https://www.tenable.com/solutions/energy>
- 42.45. Tripwire (Private labels Claroty)** - <https://www.claroty.com/continuous-threat-detection>
- 42.46. Utilidata** - <https://utilidata.com/solutions/#top> - ToC
- 42.47. Verve** - <http://verveindustrial.com/ot-cyber/> /// Verve Commended by Frost & Sullivan for Developing a Growth Strategy Based on Its Ability to Innovate Industrial Cybersecurity Services - <https://tinyurl.com/y9kjzwh> (Frost & Sullivan Best Practices Award 2018)
- 42.48. Waterfall** - <https://waterfall-security.com/pr-waterfall-for-intrusion-detection-systems>
- 42.49. Xage Security** - <https://xage.com/industries/#utilities>



43. Monitoring IT/Enterprise Networks in real-time ^{55 56 57} - The [University of North Carolina Charlotte](#) has undertaken an analysis of Vendors for this [Topic](#). **02/7** partial list [ToC](#)

- 43.1. **IronNet** -
- 43.2. **Ixia** - <https://www.ixia.com>
- 43.3. **Network Perception** - <https://www.network-perception.com/np-live/>
- 43.4. **Outpost24** - <https://outpost24.com/>
- 43.5. **Paessler** - <https://www.paessler.com/prtg>
- 43.6. **RiskIQ** - <https://www.riskiq.com/products/passivetotal/>
- 43.7. **SolarWinds** - <https://www.solarwinds.com/network-performance-monitor>

44. Network Access Control (NAC) ^{58 59 60 61} - [Prince Georges Community College](#) has undertaken an analysis of Vendors for this [Topic](#). **01/22** [ToC](#)

- 44.1. **Aerohive** - (cloud solution)
- 44.2. **Auconet** -
- 44.3. **CheckPoint** -
- 44.4. **Cisco** -
- 44.5. **Cyxtera AppGate**
- 44.6. **Easy NAC** - <https://easynac.com/use-cases>
- 44.7. **Extreme Networks** -
- 44.8. **ForeScout** -
- 44.9. **Fortinet** -
- 44.10. **HPE (Aruba)** -
- 44.11. **Impulse Point** -
- 44.12. **InfoExpress** -
- 44.13. **McAfee** -
- 44.14. **Palo Alto** -
- 44.15. **Portnox** -
- 44.16. **Pulse Secure** -
- 44.17. **Siemens** -
- 44.18. **SnoopWall** -
- 44.19. **Symantec** -
- 44.20. **Tempered Networks** -
- 44.21. **Trend Micro** -
- 44.22. **Verizon SDP (formerly Vidder)** -

⁵⁵ The University of North Carolina Charlotte has undertaken an analysis of Vendors for this Topic.

⁵⁶ See list of vendors at https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Network_behavior_anomaly_detection#Commercial_products

⁵⁷ Gartner Magic Quadrant for Network Performance Monitoring and Diagnostics - <https://www.gartner.com/doc/reprints?id=1-6876F3Z&ct=190214&st=sb>

⁵⁸ Frost & Sullivan - Network Access Control (NAC) Market, Global, Forecast to 2022 - <https://www.EnergyCollection.us/Energy-Information-Technology/NAC-Market-2022.pdf>

⁵⁹ Network Access Control Tutorial - <https://www.networkcomputing.com/careers/tutorial-network-access-control-nac/880346581/page/0/8>

⁶⁰ Wikipedia - https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Network_Access_Control

⁶¹ Gartner PeerInsights - <https://www.gartner.com/reviews/market/network-access-control/vendors>



45. Network Segmentation ^{62 63} - The [University of Houston](#) has undertaken an analysis of Vendors for this [Topic](#). **08/20** [ToC](#)

- 45.1. **Advenica** - <https://www.advenica.com/>
- 45.2. **BAE Systems** - <https://www.baesystems.com/en/home> -
- 45.3. **Blue ridge Networks** - <https://www.blueridgenetworks.com/linkguard/>
- 45.4. **Check Point** - <https://www.checkpoint.com/solutions/critical-infrastructure/>
- 45.5. **Claroty** - http://blog.claroty.com/virtual_segmentation
- 45.6. **Deep Secure** - <https://www.deep-secure.com/>
- 45.7. **Fibersystem** - <https://www.fibersystem.com/>
- 45.8. **Forcepoint** - <https://www.forcepoint.com/solutions/industry/critical-infrastructure-cybersecurity>
- 45.9. **Fortinet** - <https://www.fortinet.com/>
- 45.10. **Fox-IT** - <https://www.fox-it.com/en> -
- 45.11. **Genua** - <https://www.genua.de/en/products/data-diode-for-industrial-applications.html> -
- 45.12. **Mission Secure** - <https://www.missionsecure.com/solutions/products/>
- 45.13. **Nexor** - <https://www.nexor.com> -
- 45.14. **Owl Computing** - <http://library.owlcyberdefense.com/opds-100/page/1>
- 45.15. **Palo Alto Networks** - <https://www.paloaltonetworks.com/>
- 45.16. **Seclab** - <https://www.seclab-security.com/vs-diode-3> -
- 45.17. **Siemens** - <https://new.siemens.com/global/en/company/stories/mobility/new-siemens-data-diode-now-available-secure-monitoring-of-your-networks.html>
- 45.18. **VADO One Way** - <https://www.vadosecurity.com> -
- 45.19. **Verve Industrial Protection** - <https://verveindustrial.com/network-design/>
- 45.20. **Waterfall Security** - <https://www.helpnetsecurity.com/2018/12/03/sec-ot/>

46. Organizational Best Practices - addressing culture, organizational structure, positions, reporting relationships, etc. [ToC](#)

47. Patch and Firmware Management ^{64 65} -

- 47.1. **Adolus** - <https://www.adolus.com/>
- 47.2. **Finite State** - <https://finitestate.io/>
- 47.3. **GFI LanGuard** - <https://www.gfi.com/products-and-solutions/network-security-solutions/gfi-languard> (no utilities listed as customers)
- 47.4. **ForeScout** - <https://www.forescout.com/solutions/network-segmentation/>
- 47.5. **FoxGuard Solutions** - <https://foxguardsolutions.com>
HEAT PatchLink - see "Ivanti" below (HEAT is now part of Ivanti)
- 47.6. **ICS-CERT** - <https://ics-cert.us-cert.gov/Abstract-Patch-Management-ICS-RP>
- 47.7. **Ivanti** - <https://www.ivanti.com/solutions/needs/manage-my-os-and-third-party-application-patches> / <https://www.ivanti.com/blog/patch-management-best-practices> (Utilities not listed as a target market)
- 47.8. **Kaseya VSA Patch Management** - <https://www.kaseya.com/products/vsa/>

⁶² Topic initially presented at the POP BP Conference 2019-02-04 by *Art Conklin, Director, Center for Information Security Research and Education, University of Houston* -

⁶³ Firewall Deployment on ICS Networks RP - <https://ics-cert.us-cert.gov/Abstract-Firewall-Deployment-ICS-Networks-RP>

⁶⁴ Topic initially presented at the POP BP Conference 2019-02-04 by *Monta Elkins - SANS Instructor, ICS Researcher, author of "Defense against the Dark Arts"* - Video/Audio - <https://vimeo.com/329632669/c25a1d9a61> Presentation - <https://protectourpower.org/best-practices/monta-elkins-presentation.pdf>

⁶⁵ Patching Like a Boss (from ReliabilityFirst) - <https://www.EnergyCollection.us/Companies/Reliability-First/Newsletter-2018-11-01.pdf>



- 47.9. **ManageEngine Patch Manager Plus** - <https://www.manageengine.com/patch-management/> Utilities listed as customers - <https://www.manageengine.com/customers.html>
- 47.10. **Microsoft SCCM Patch Management** - <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/sccm/>
- 47.11. **Owl** - <http://library.owlcyberdefense.com/ssus/page/1>
- 47.12. **Quest KACE Patch Management** - <https://www.quest.com/products/kace-systems-management-appliance/patch-management-security.aspx>
- 47.13. **Symantec Patch Management Solution** - <https://www.symantec.com/products/patch-management-solution>
https://support.symantec.com/en_US/article.HOWTO3124.html
- 47.14. **SolarWinds** - <https://www.solarwindsmsp.com> -
- 47.15. **TDI Technologies** - ConsoleWorks - <https://www.tditechnologies.com/>
- 47.16. **Verve** -

48. Penetration Testing (including Vulnerability Assessments and Risk Assessments) - ToC

- 48.1. **Affinity Security** <https://affinity-it-security.com>
 - 48.2. **AT&T / AlienVault** - <https://learn.alienvault.com/c/attcyber-penetration-testing>
 - 48.3. **Black Hills** -
 - 48.4. **Cyber Edge** - v-Motiv -
 - 48.5. **Lockheed** -
 - 48.6. **OPAL-RT** - <https://www.opal-rt.com/cybersecurity-overview>
 - 48.7. **Outpost24** - <https://outpost24.com/>
 - 48.8. **Quanexus** -
 - 48.9. **Red Team Project** - <https://redteamproject.org/>
 - 48.10. **RTDS Technologies** - <https://www.rtds.com/applications/cybersecurity>
 - 48.11. **Saint** -
 - 48.12. **Scythe** - <https://www.scythe.io/platform>
 - 48.13. **Secure Info** -
 - 48.14. **Siemens** -
- Phishing** - See "[Social Engineering](#)"

49. Portable Media - ToC

- 49.1. **Symantec** - <https://tinyurl.com/yc7ewvrw> / <https://im-mining.com/2018/12/10/symantecs-icsp-neural-protect-operational-technology-cyber-attacks/>

50. Remote Access Solutions (including secure remote access) ^{66 67 68 69} - [George Mason University](#) has undertaken an analysis of Vendors for this [Topic](#). **10/38** ToC

- 50.1. **ABB** - <https://new.abb.com/uk/about/our-businesses/power-grids>
- 50.2. **ARCON** -
- 50.3. **Attila Cybertech** - <https://www.attilatech.com/aboutus>
- 50.4. **Bayshore Networks** - <https://www.bayshorenetworks.com/beacon>
- 50.5. **BeyondTrust** - <https://www.beyondtrust.com/solutions/energy/>

⁶⁶ Topic presented at the POP BP Conference 2019-02-04 by *Dave Weinstein, Policy Fellow at New America, Previous U.S. Cyber Command, and New Jersey CIO* -

<https://protectourpower.org/best-practices/dave-weinstein/> Video/Audio - <https://vimeo.com/329626259/98eca34f> Presentation - <https://protectourpower.org/best-practices/dave-weinstein-presentation.pdf>

⁶⁷ *Configuring and Managing Remote Access for Industrial Control Systems* - <https://ics-cert.us-cert.gov/Abstract-Configuring-and-Managing-Remote-Access-Industrial-Control-Systems>

⁶⁸ *The Definitive Guide to Secure Remote Access* - <https://tinyurl.com/y973ycbg>

⁶⁹ *Wikipedia on Access Control* - https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Access_control



- 50.6. **Blue Ridge Networks** - <https://www.blueridgenetworks.com/linkguard/>
Bomgar (part of BeyondTrust now) - <https://www.bomgar.com/>
- 50.7. **Broadcom** - <https://www.broadcom.com/products/software/cybersecurity/privileged-access-management>
- 50.8. **CA Technologies** - <https://www.ca.com/us.html>
- 50.9. **Centrify** - <https://www.centrify.com/privileged-access-management/privileged-access-service/secure-remote-access/> -
- 50.10. **Claroty** - <https://www.claroty.com/secure-remote-access> -
- 50.11. **ClickStudios** - <https://www.clickstudios.com.au/about/role-based-access.aspx>
Crossbow - see "Siemens Crossbow" below
- 50.12. **CyberArk** - <https://www.cyberark.com/resource/cyberark-nerc-secured-remote-access>
- 50.13. **CyberX** - <https://cyberx-labs.com/secure-remote-access/>
- 50.14. **Devolutions** - <https://devolutions.net/solutions/privileged-access-management>
- 50.15. **Dragos** - <https://dragos.com/>
- 50.16. **EPRI** - <http://eprijournal.com/a-new-tool-to-protect-the-keys-to-the-kingdom/>
- 50.17. **Forescout** - <https://www.forescout.com/platform/eyecontrol/>
- 50.18. **Fudo Security** -
- 50.19. **Hitachi ID Systems** -
- 50.20. **Honeywell** - <https://www.honeywell.com/en-us/remote-access>
Indegy - now Tenable -
ManageEngine - <https://www.manageengine.com> - Utilities not included in target markets.
- 50.21. **Micro Focus** - <https://www.microfocus.com/en-us/solutions/enterprise-security>
- 50.22. **Nextnine** - <https://nextnine.com/secure-remote-access/>
- 50.23. **Nozomi Networks** - <https://www.nozominetworks.com/>
- 50.24. **One Identity** - <https://www.oneidentity.com/>
- 50.25. **Owl** - <http://library.owlcyberdefense.com/recon/page/1>
- 50.26. **Saviynt** - <https://devolutions.net/solutions/privileged-access-management>
- 50.27. **Secomea** - <https://www.secomea.com/remote-access-for-utility-installations/>
- 50.28. **Securelink** - <https://www.securelink.com/industries/energy/>
- 50.29. **Senha Segura** - <https://www.senhasegura.com.br/en/>
- 50.30. **Siemens Crossbow** - <https://w3.siemens.com/mcms/industrial-communication/en/rugged-communication/ruggedcom-portfolio/software/pages/crossbow.aspx>
- 50.31. **SSH** - <https://www.ssh.com/>
- 50.32. **SUBNET** - <http://www.subnet.com/news-events/white-papers/unified-ied-management-solution-whitepaper.aspx>
- 50.33. **TDI Technologies – ConsoleWorks** - <https://www.tditechnologies.com/>
- 50.34. **Tenable** - <https://www.tenable.com/solutions/energy>
- 50.35. **Thycotic** - <https://thycotic.com/> / <https://thycotic.com/solutions/energy-utilities-cybersecurity/>
- 50.36. **Veracity** - <https://veracity.io/product/>
- 50.37. **WALLIX** - <https://www.wallix.com/en/>
- 50.38. **Waterfall** - <https://waterfall-security.com/remote-access/remote-screen-view>
Remote Access - see [Privileged Remote Access Solutions](#) above



51. Risk Assessment and Quantification, and Management ^{70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80}

[Michigan Technical Institute](#) has undertaken an analysis of Vendors for this [Topic / 1/29 ToC /](#)

51.1. Axio Global - <https://axio.com>

51.2. Beyond Trust - <https://www.beyondtrust.com/solutions/energy/>

51.3. BitSight - <https://www.bitsight.com/>

51.4. CoalFire -

51.5. CyberGRX - <https://www.cybergrx.com>

51.6. FireEye - <https://www.fireeye.com/services/mandiant-security-program-assessment.html>

51.7. Guidewire Cyence - <https://www.guidewire.com/products/cyence>

51.8. HITRUST - <https://hitrustalliance.net/performing-risk-assessment-meet-meaningful-use-criteria/>

51.9. INL - Consequence-Driven, Cyber-Informed Engineering (CCE) - https://www.inl.gov/wp-content/uploads/2018/02/18-50019_CCE_R1-1.pdf

51.10. LookingGlass - <https://www.lookingglasscyber.com/>

51.11. Ncontracts -

51.12. NextLabs - <https://www.nextlabs.com/solutions/industry-solutions/energy/>

51.13. NormShield - <https://www.normshield.com>

51.14. OneTrust -

51.15. Prevalent - <https://www.prevalent.net/>

51.16. Red Tiger Security - <http://redtigersecurity.com/about-us/>

51.17. RiskLens - <https://www.risklens.com>

⁷⁰ Topic initially presented at the POP BP Conference 2019-02-04 by *Jason Christopher, SANs Instructor, formerly Senior technical Leader Cyber Security, EPRI; Technical Lead Cyber Security, DOE Technical Lead, FERC.* -

⁷¹ Forrester New Wave™: Cybersecurity Risk Rating Solutions, Q4 2018 - <https://www.EnergyCollection.us/Companies/Forrester/Risk-Rating-Solutions-2018.pdf>

⁷² Forrester Wave – Vulnerability Risk Assessment Q4 2019 – <https://www.EnergyCollection.us/Companies/Forrester/Wave-Vulnerability-Risk-Management-Q4-2019.pdf>

⁷³ Wikipedia - https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cyber_risk_quantification

⁷⁴ What Is Cyber Risk Quantification? - <https://www.risklens.com/blog/what-is-cyber-risk-quantification>

⁷⁵ A review of cyber security risk assessment methods for SCADA systems - <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0167404815001388>

⁷⁶ NATF CIP-013-1 Implementation Guidance - <https://www.EnergyCollection.us/Companies/NATF/CIP-13-1-Implementation-Guidance.pdf>

⁷⁷ Midwest Reliability Organization - MRO - 2018-09-01 Newsletter - The Benefits of Risk-Based Regulation - <https://www.EnergyCollection.us/Companies/MRO/Newsletter-2018-09-01.pdf>

⁷⁸ Forrester Wave - <https://www.EnergyCollection.us/Best-Practices/Vulnerability-Risk-Management/Forrester-2018.pdf>

⁷⁹ Wikipedia – Application Virtualization - https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Application_virtualization

⁸⁰ Magic Quadrant for IT Vendor Risk Management Tools – June 2017 <https://www.energycollection.us/Companies/Gartner/MQ-IT-Vendor-Risk-Management.pdf> /// Nov 2019 - <https://www.energycollection.us/Companies/Gartner/MQ-IT-Vendor-Risk-Management2.pdf>



- 51.18. **RiskRecon** - <https://www.riskrecon.com>
- 51.19. **Scythe** - <https://www.scythe.io/platform>
- 51.20. **SecurityScorecard** - <https://securityscorecard.com>
- 51.21. **SecuVant** -
- 51.22. **Skybox Security** - <https://www.skyboxsecurity.com/>
- 51.23. **SurfWatch Labs** - <https://www.surfwatchlabs.com>
- 51.24. **ThreatConnect** - <https://threatconnect.com/company/>
- 51.25. **ThreatQuotient** - <https://www.threatq.com/>
- 51.26. **Tripwire** - <https://www.tripwire.com/products/tripwire-ip360/>
- 51.27. **UpGuard** - <https://www.upguard.com/>
- 51.28. **Venminder** -
- 51.29. **Verve** -

52. Sandboxing -

[ToC](#)

- 52.1. **Fortinet** -

53. SCADA Protection -

- 53.1. **DAQ Electronics** - <http://www.daq.net>
- 53.2. **Lofty Perch** - <https://www.loftyperch.com>
- 53.3. **LogRhythm** - <https://logrhythm.com>
- 53.4. **Radiflow** - <https://radiflow.com>
- 53.5. **SCADAhacker** - <https://www.scadahacker.com/>
- 53.6. **Ultra-Electronics 3eTI** - <http://www.ultra-3eti.com>
- 53.7. **Waterfall Security** - <https://waterfall-security.com>

54. Security Analytics Platforms ⁸¹ -

[ToC](#)

- 54.1. **NetWitness** -
- 54.2. **Splunk** -

55. Security Information and Event Management (SIEM) ^{82 83 84} -

- 55.1. **AlienVault** - <https://www.alienvault.com/>
- 55.2. **Alert Logic** -
ArcSight - Acquired by Micro Focus - <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/ArcSight>
- 55.3. **BlackStratus** - <https://www.blackstratus.com/>
- 55.4. **Cisco Security Manager** -
- 55.5. **Dell Secureworks** - <https://tinyurl.com/yabkqhkt>
- 55.6. **DNIF - NetMonastery** - <https://dnif.it/index.html>
- 55.7. **FireEye** - <https://www.fireeye.com>
- 55.8. **Fortinet** - <https://www.fortinet.com/>
- 55.9. **Graylog** -
- 55.10. **IBM (QRadar)** - <https://www.ibm.com/security/security-intelligence/qradar>
- 55.11. **Logz.io** -
- 55.12. **LogRhythm** - <https://logrhythm.com/>
- 55.13. **Micro Focus NetIQ** - <https://www.microfocus.com/>
https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Micro_Focus
NetIQ - see Micro Focus NetIQ above -
NetMonastery - see DNIF above -
- 55.14. **Netsurion EventTracker** -

⁸¹ Forrester Wave - <https://www.EnergyCollection.us/Best-Practices/Security-Analytics-Platforms/Forrester-2018.pdf>

⁸² Gartner Magic Quadrant for Security Information and Event Management - <https://www.EnergyCollection.us/Energy-Security/MQ-SIEM-2017.pdf> // <https://www.EnergyCollection.us/Companies/Gartner/MQ-SIEM-2018.pdf>

⁸³ G2 Crowd report for SIEM 2019 - <https://twi.li/G2-SIEM-2019>

⁸⁴ See Grid Report for SEIM Spring 2019 - <https://learn.alienvault.com/c/siem-grid-report?>



55.15.OSSIM (Open Source) -

QRadar – see IBM QRadar above –

55.16.Rapid7 - <https://www.rapid7.com>

55.17.RSA -

55.18.SolarWinds Log & Event Manager - <https://www.solarwinds.com>

55.19.Splunk - <https://www.splunk.com>

55.20.Sumo Logic - <https://www.sumologic.com>

55.21.ThreatConnect -

55.22.Trustwave -

56.Security Investment Prudency (at the state level) – at the state level, what are the Best Practices states are following to approve/deny/evaluate security investments. [ToC](#)

57.Security Operations Centers (SOCs) -

57.1. Leidos -

58.Security Orchestration Automation and Response (SOAR) ⁸⁵ -

58.1. Anomali -

58.2. Ayehu -

58.3. CyberSponse -

58.4. Demisto -

58.5. DFLabs -

58.6. EclecticIQ -

58.7. IBM (Resilient Systems) -

58.8. Microsoft (Hexadite) -

58.9. Phantom -

58.10.Resolve Systems -

58.11.ServiceNow Security Operations -

58.12.Simplifly - <https://www.simplifly.co/>

58.13.Splunk -

58.14.Swimlane - <https://swimlane.com/solutions/industries/> - includes Utilities as a target market

58.15.Syncurity - <https://www.syncurity.net>

58.16.ThreatConnect -

58.17.ThreatQuotient -

UltraSOC - <https://www.ultrasoc.com/company/about-us/> (not targeting Utilities)

59.Situational Awareness -

[ToC](#)

60.Social Engineering Protection ^{86 87} - [Louisiana Technical University](#) has taken this Topic (POP page in process). **0/6** partial list

60.1. Agari - <https://www.agari.com/>

60.2. Cofense (formerly PhishMe) - <https://cofense.com>

60.3. IntSights - <https://www.intsights.com/solutions-use-case-phishing-detection>

60.4. IronScales - <https://ironscales.com/>

60.5. KnowBe4.com - <https://www.knowbe4.com/>

60.6. ProofPoint - <https://www.proofpoint.com/us>

⁸⁵ Gartner 2017-11-01 - <https://www.EnergyCollection.us/Best-Practices/Security-Orchestration-Automation-Response-SOAR/Gartner-Reprint-2017-11-01.pdf>

⁸⁶ Gartner – Fighting Phishing -

⁸⁷ Magic Quadrant for Security Awareness Computer-Based Training - <https://www.energycollection.us/Companies/Gartner/MQ-Security-Awareness-2019.pdf>



61. Software Development / Inspection / Management ^{88 89} –

- 61.1. **BSIMM** - <https://www.bsimm.com/about.html>
Codonomicon (bought by Synopsys) -
<http://www.codonomicon.com/index.html> - focuses on the software aspect of Supply Chain
- 61.2. **Grimm** - <https://www.grimm-co.com/services/application-security>
- 61.3. **Indium** - <https://www.indiumsoftware.com>
- 61.4. **National Telecommunications and Information Administration** -
<https://www.ntia.doc.gov/SoftwareTransparency>
- 61.5. **New Context** - <https://www.newcontext.com> -
- 61.6. **Outpost24** - <https://outpost24.com/>
- 61.7. **Rapid7** -
- 61.8. **Synopsys** - <https://www.synopsys.com/software-integrity.html>
- 61.9. **Tripwire** - <https://www.tripwire.com/products/tripwire-for-devops/>
- 61.10. **Veracode** -

62. State Cybersecurity Standards and Best Practices –

[ToC](#)

63. Substations – Distribution –

64. Substations – Transmission –

65. Supply Chain ^{90 91 92 93 94 95 96} –

- 65.1. **Adolus** - <https://www.adolus.com/>
- 65.2. **BitSight** - <https://www.bitsight.com/>
- 65.3. **CyberArk** - <https://www.cyberark.com/solutions/security-risk-management/remote-vendor-access-security/>
- 65.4. **Fortress Information Security** - <https://www.fortressinfosec.com/a2v/>
- 65.5. **ISASecure** - <https://www.isasecure.org/en-US/About-Us/Mission>
- 65.6. **Prevalent** - <https://www.prevalent.net/>
ResilInc - <https://www.resilinc.com/industry> - not focused on utilities
- 65.7. **RiskRecon** - <https://www.riskrecon.com>
- 65.8. **SecurityScorecard** - <https://securityscorecard.com/solutions/vendor-risk-management> (do not have Utilities as a focus market)
- 65.9. **Sonatype** - <https://www.sonatype.com>
Supply Chain - Software Development / Inspection –

66. Tabletop Exercises / Wargaming –

[ToC](#)

- ⁸⁸ NISTRI 8011 - Volume 3 - Automation Support for Security Control Assessments -
<https://www.EnergyCollection.us/Companies/NIST/NISTIR-8011-Volume3.pdf>
- ⁸⁹ New PCI Software Security Standards - <https://blog.pcisecuritystandards.org/just-published-new-pci-software-security-standards>
- ⁹⁰ Topic initially presented at the POP BP Conference 2019-02-04 by *Andy Bochman, Senior Cyber & Energy Security Strategist, Idaho National Labs.* -
- ⁹¹ Managing Cyber Supply Chain Risk-Best Practices for Small Entities -
<https://tinyurl.com/yb63qjqa>
- ⁹² NATF CIP-013-1 Implementation Guidance -
<https://www.EnergyCollection.us/Companies/NATF/CIP-13-1-Implementation-Guidance.pdf>
- ⁹³ Supply Chain Risk Management (from ReliabilityFirst) -
<https://www.EnergyCollection.us/Companies/Reliability-First/Newsletter-2018-11-01.pdf>
- ⁹⁴ NEMA Supply Chain Best Practices - <https://www.nema.org/Standards/Pages/Supply-Chain-Best-Practices.aspx>
- ⁹⁵ Software Supply Chain – see New PCI Software Security Standards -
<https://blog.pcisecuritystandards.org/just-published-new-pci-software-security-standards>
- ⁹⁶ See also - [Software Development / Inspection](#)



67. Threat Intelligence - ⁹⁷ The [University of New Hampshire](#) has taken this [Topic](#). **00/28**

- 67.1. **AlienVault** - <https://www.alienvault.com> -
- 67.2. **Anomali** -
BrightPoint Security - acquired by ServiceNow - <https://tinyurl.com/ya75tpey>
- 67.3. **Cyber Edge - r-Motiv** -
- 67.4. **DeepInstinct** -
- 67.5. **Elbit Systems** -
- 67.6. **Energy - Information Sharing and Analysis Center - E-ISAC** -
- 67.7. **FireEye** - <https://www.fireeye.com>
- 67.8. **IntSights** - <https://www.intsights.com/automated-remediation>
- 67.9. **Ironer** -
iSIGHT Partners - bought by FireEye - <https://tinyurl.com/y746xp3e>
- 67.10. **KELA** -
- 67.11. **Lookingglass** -
- 67.12. **MalCrawler** -
- 67.13. **OpenDNS** - <https://www.opendns.com>
- 67.14. **PinDrop** -
- 67.15. **Recorded Future** - <https://www.recordedfuture.com/solutions/energy/>
- 67.16. **Reversing Labs** -
- 67.17. **SafeBreach** -
- 67.18. **Splunk** -
- 67.19. **SecurityTrains** -
- 67.20. **ServiceNow** -
- 67.21. **STIX and TAXII** -
- 67.22. **Third Party Trust** -
- 67.23. **ThreatConnect** -
- 67.24. **ThreatIQ** -
- 67.25. **TrapWire** -
- 67.26. **TruSTAR** -
- 67.27. **VMRay** -
- 67.28. **ZanttZ** -
Threat Intelligence Platforms - see "[Threat Intelligence](#)" above
Threat Vulnerability Assessment - see "[Risk Assessment and Quantification, and Management](#)"

68. Training - Security-awareness in the workforce ⁹⁸ - including computer-based training -

[ToC](#)

- 68.1. **Barracuda** (PhishLine) -
- 68.2. **Cofense** -
- 68.3. **Global Learning Systems** -
- 68.4. **Grimm** - <https://www.grimm-co.com/services/security-training-and-education>
- 68.5. **InfoSec Institute** -
- 68.6. **Inspired eLearning** -
- 68.7. **Junglemap** -
- 68.8. **KnowBe4** - <https://www.knowbe4.com> -
- 68.9. **MediaPRO** -
- 68.10. **ProofPoint (Wombat Security)** -

⁹⁷ [Buyer's Guide to TIPs](#) - https://www.EnergyCollection.us/Energy-Security/Buyers_Guide_TIP.pdf

⁹⁸ [Magic Quadrant for Security Awareness Computer-Based Training](#) - <https://www.EnergyCollection.us/Best-Practices/Training-Security-Awareness/Gartner-MQ-2018.pdf>



- 68.11. **SANS Institute** -
- 68.12. **Security Innovation** -
- 68.13. **Talos (Cisco)** - <https://www.talosintelligence.com/>
- 68.14. **Terranova** -
- 69. **Training – Cyber Workforce Development, cybersecurity talent** - ToC
- 69.1. **Affinity Security** - <https://affinity-it-security.com>
- 69.2. **Cybrary** - <https://www.cybrary.it>
- 69.3. **EnergySec** -
- 69.4. **Hack the Box – Penetration Testing** - <https://www.hackthebox.eu>
- 69.5. **ISC2** - <https://www.isc2.org/about>
- 69.6. **Metasploit Unleashed** - <https://www.offensive-security.com/metasploit-unleashed>
- 69.7. **MITRE – Ten Strategies of a World-Class Cybersecurity Operations Center** - <https://www.mitre.org/sites/default/files/publications/pr-13-1028-mitre-10-strategies-cyber-ops-center.pdf>
- 69.8. **No Starch Press – Hacking & Computer Security** - <https://nostarch.com/catalog/security>
- 69.9. **OWASP Broken Web Applications Project** - [https://www.owasp.org/index.php/OWASP Broken Web Applications Project](https://www.owasp.org/index.php/OWASP_Broken_Web_Applications_Project)
- 69.10. **Pentester Academy** - <https://www.pentesteracademy.com>
- 69.11. **SANS Cyber Aces** - <https://www.cyberaces.org>
- 69.12. **Security Mentor** -
- 69.13. **ThreatGen** - <https://threatgen.com> -
- 70. **Transient Cyber Assets** - ToC
- 70.1. **FoxGuard Solutions** - <https://foxguardsolutions.com/tca/>
- 71. **Virtualization** -
- 72. **VPN Security** -
- 72.1. **Certes Networks – Vulnerability Assessment** - see "[Risk Management](#)" above
- 73. **WAN Edge Infrastructure** ⁹⁹ - ToC
- 73.1. **Cisco Systems** - <https://www.cisco.com> -
- 73.2. **Fortinet** -
- 73.3. **Silver Peak** -
- 73.4. **VMware** -
- 74. **Web Application Firewalls (WAF)** ¹⁰⁰ -
- 74.1. **Fortinet** -
- 75. **Whitelisting** -
- 75.1. **Bit9** -
- 75.2. **SecurityMatters** -
- 75.3. **SignaCert** -
- 75.4. **Verve** -
- Wireless** - See "[Communications Systems – Wireless](#)" above

⁹⁹ [Gartner Magic Quadrant for WAN Edge Infrastructure](https://www.EnergyCollection.us/Energy-Security/WAN-Edge-Infrastructure.pdf) - <https://www.EnergyCollection.us/Energy-Security/WAN-Edge-Infrastructure.pdf>

¹⁰⁰ [Wikipedia - Web application firewall](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Web_application_firewall) - https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Web_application_firewall



76.Zero Trust ^{101 102 103} – that nothing in a network environment should be trusted until it is validated against a list of known values. This means users, systems, and processes are all validated prior to any action being authorized, whether that is a login (access), an automated process, or a privileged activity (authorization). ToC

- 76.1. **Akamai Technologies** –
- 76.2. **BlackRidge Technology** –
- 76.3. **Cato Networks** –
- 76.4. **Centrify** - <https://www.centrify.com> –
- 76.5. **Certes Networks** –
- 76.6. **Cisco** –
- 76.7. **Cloudflare** –
- 76.8. **Cyxtera Technologies** - <https://www.cyxtera.com/blog/three-steps-to-zero-trust?>
- 76.9. **Forcepoint** –
- 76.10. **Fortinet** –
- 76.11. **Google Cloud Platform (GCP)** –
- 76.12. **Illumino** –
- 76.13. **InstaSafe** –
- 76.14. **Meta Networks** –
- 76.15. **Microsoft** –
- 76.16. **New Edge** –
- 76.17. **Okta** –
- 76.18. **OPSWAT** - <https://www.opswat.com> <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/OPSWAT>
- 76.19. **Palo Alto Networks** –
- 76.20. **Perimeter 81** –
- 76.21. **PulseSecure** - <https://www.pulsesecure.net/top-reasons/>
- 76.22. **Safe-TSAIFE** –
- 76.23. **Sophos** –
- 76.24. **Symantec** –
- 76.25. **Trend Micro** –
- 76.26. **Unisys** –
- 76.27. **Verizon** –
- 76.28. **VMware** –
- 76.29. **Waverley Labs** –
- 76.30. **Zentera Systems** –
- 76.31. **Zscaler** –

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¹⁰¹ Forrester Wave – Zero Trust 2018 - <https://www.EnergyCollection.us/Companies/Forrester/Wave-Zero-Trust.pdf>

¹⁰² Forrester Wave – Zero Trust 2019 - <https://www.energycollection.us/Companies/Forrester/Wave-Zero-Trust2.pdf>

¹⁰³ Gartner – Market Guide – Zero Trust Network Access - <https://EnergyCollection.us/Companies/Gartner/MG-Zero-Trust-Network-Access.pdf>



Vendor List showing Topics addressed by each Vendor ToC

This list is incomplete and under development

1. **Alert Logic** – Topics > [Cloud Security and Services](#) /
2. **AlienVault** – <https://www.alienvault.com> - Topics > [Compliance](#) / [Frameworks and Controls](#) / [Incident Response](#) / [Security Information and Event Management \(SIEM\)](#) / [Threat Detection](#) / [Threat Intelligence via Sharing](#) /
3. **Archer Energy Solutions** - Topics > [Compliance](#) /
4. **AssurX** - Topics > [Compliance](#) /
5. **Axway** - Topics > [Compliance](#) /
6. **Barracuda** - <https://www.barracuda.com> - Targeted industries do not include Utilities/Energy – Topics > [Advanced Persistent Threat Protection \(APTs\)](#) /
7. **Bitglass** - Topics > [Cloud Security and Services](#) /
8. **BlackStratus** – Topics > [Compliance](#) /
9. **Blue Coat** – Topics > [Cloud Security and Services](#) /
10. **bmcRemedy** – Topics > [Change Management Ticketing](#) /
11. **Carbon Black** - Topics > [Antivirus](#) / [Application Control](#) /
12. **CensorNet** - Topics > [Cloud Security and Services](#) /
13. **Check Point** - Topics > [Compliance](#) /
14. **Cisco Systems** – <https://www.cisco.com> - Topics > [Advanced Persistent Threat Protection \(APTs\)](#) / [Cloud Security and Services](#) /
15. **Cylance** - Topics > [Antivirus](#) /
16. **CypherCloud** - Topics > [Cloud Security and Services](#) /
17. **D3 Security** - Topics > [Compliance](#) /
18. **Elastic** - Topics > [Cloud Security and Services](#) /
19. **EnergySec** – Topics > [Compliance](#) /
20. **FireEye** – Topics > [Advanced Persistent Threat Protection \(APTs\)](#) /
21. **FireLayers** – Topics > [Cloud Security and Services](#) /
22. **Forcepoint** - Topics > [Advanced Persistent Threat Protection \(APTs\)](#) / [Cloud Security and Services](#) /
23. **FoxGuard Solutions** - Topics > [Building Automation Systems](#) /
24. **Fortinet** - Topics > [Advanced Persistent Threat Protection \(APTs\)](#) /
25. **Intellibind** – Topics > [Compliance](#) /
26. **Kaspersky Lab** - Topics > [Advanced Persistent Threat Protection \(APTs\)](#) /
27. **Lastline** - Topics > [Cloud Security and Services](#) /
28. **Leidos** – Topics > [Cloud Security and Services](#) /
29. **McAfee** - Topics > [Advanced Persistent Threat Protection \(APTs\)](#) / [Antivirus](#) / [Cloud Security and Services](#) /
30. **Microsoft** - Topics > [Advanced Persistent Threat Protection \(APTs\)](#) / [Cloud Security and Services](#) /
31. **Netscope** - Topics > [Cloud Security and Services](#) /
32. **Network & Security Technology** – Topics > [Compliance](#) /
33. **OpenDNS** – Topics > [Cloud Security and Services](#) /
34. **Oracle** – Topics > [Cloud Security and Services](#) /
35. **Outpost24** - Topics > [Cloud Security and Services](#) /



36. **Owl** - Topics > [Advanced Persistent Threat Protection \(APTs\)](#) /
37. **Palo Alto Networks** - Topics > [Advanced Persistent Threat Protection \(APTs\)](#) / [Cloud Security and Services](#) /
38. **Proofpoint** - Topics > [Cloud Security and Services](#) /
39. **Qualys** - Topics > [Cloud Security and Services](#) / [Compliance](#) /
40. **Saviynt** - Topics > [Cloud Security and Services](#) /
41. **ServiceNow** - Topics > [Change Management Ticketing](#) /
42. **StackRox** - Topics > [Cloud Security and Services](#) /
43. **Symantec** - Topics > [Advanced Persistent Threat Protection \(APTs\)](#) / [Antivirus](#) / [Cloud Security and Services](#) /
44. **Trend Micro** - Topics > [Cloud Security and Services](#) /
45. **Webroot** - Topics > [Advanced Persistent Threat Protection \(APTs\)](#) /
46. **Zscaler** - Topics > [Cloud Security and Services](#) /

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Vendors offering cybersecurity product(s), but not either focused, available, or interested in the North American Utility Market ToC

This list is incomplete and under development

1. **Ir.deto** - <https://irdeto.com/video-entertainment/cyber-services/>
2. **KeySight Technologies** - <https://www.keysight.com/us/en/industries.html>
3. **Peregrine** - <http://www.gbpts.com/#about>



Additional Resources

Related to an ICS/OT Cyber-Taxonomy [ToC](#)

Additional References:

[ToC](#)

1. CISO Platform - <https://www.cisoplatfrom.com>
2. Gartner on "OT Security Best Practices" - <https://www.gartner.com/doc/reprints?id=1-5ZF6P01&ct=181224&st=sb>
3. MITRE ATT&CK Evaluations - <https://attackervals.mitre.org/evaluations>

Cybersecurity Vendors involved in Critical Infrastructure, but not in the US:

[ToC](#)

1. **Applied Risk** - <https://applied-risk.com> -
2. **RedCon** - <http://www.redconsa.sg/homepage/> -
3. **Secunet** - <https://www.secunet.com/en/> -

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Notes Related to This Taxonomy and Further Development

Protect Our Power seeks a credible "Owner" to take ownership of this Taxonomy as co-branded with Protect Our Power as the originator. Criteria for a new owner include commitments to:

1. Continue to develop the Taxonomy with the North American Electric Utilities as the prime focus.
2. Publish as updated and without charge to anyone.
3. Be open to changes submitted by Vendors.
4. Include an Advisory Board that has final say in any disputed updates/changes to the Taxonomy. The Advisory Board will be an even number of individuals with 50% being named by Protect Our Power and 50% by the Taxonomy owner.
5. Continue to develop a Mind Map putting the different Topics in logical order for easier consumption.

Otherwise, the new owner may utilize the Taxonomy for its own purposes including branding, marketing, etc.

Presently the Taxonomy is managed by Protect Our Power using an Advisory Board found at this link: <https://protectourpower.org/bestpractices/taxonomy-advisory-board>

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